



UNIVERSITETET I AGDER

FAKULTET FOR ØKONOMI OG SAMFUNNSVITENSKAP

12/5-2011

09.00-14.00

Department of Political Science and Management
Final exam ST 202
Spring term 2011
Instructor: Dr. S. Gänzle

Short exam info:

DURATION: 5 hours

This CLOSED-BOOK EXAM consists of three parts:

- I. a) 20 multiple choice questions (MCQ) &
b) 15 identifications (I: 25% of final grade)**
- II. 4 small and focused questions (II: 50%)**
- III. 1 essay (question) (III: 25%)**

ALL answers shall be given in English with the exception of the essay question, but only if absolutely necessary (part III). You may answer the question in Norwegian.

The use of bilingual dictionaries is allowed.

I. Multiple choice questions and short identifications

a) Multiple choice questions/statements (10%): *Tick one box only!*

1. The Marshall Plan was declared in June
 1944 1947 1950 1952.
2. The Schuman Plan was proposed in May
 1945 1950 1952 1957.
3. Decisions in the Council are taken by vote. Currently, Germany, France and Poland and the United Kingdom have
 120 200 114 100 votes in the Council (out of 345).
4. The Council of Europe was established in
 1945 1949 1951 1957.
5. Amongst the scholars mentioned below, who was the key proponent of intergovernmentalism in the study of European integration?
 S. Hoffmann E. Haas D. Mitrany G. Marks

6. Robert Mundell Milton Friedman Barry Eichengreen John M. Keynes developed the concept of an optimum currency area (OCA).
7. Which Report provided the first blueprint for EMU (in the 1970s)? The
 Genscher Werner Hallstein Delors Report.
8. Which countries are currently negotiating the terms of EU accession?
 Turkey, Iceland and Croatia Morocco, Moldova and Ukraine Serbia, Turkey and Croatia Iceland, Serbia and Turkey
9. When did Turkey apply for EU membership? In
 1952 1987 1989 2005?
10. How many countries joined the EU in 2007?
 2 4 10 3
11. Who was amongst the authors of the Ventotene Manifesto?
 Altiero Spinelli Alcide De Gasperi Winston Churchill Konrad Adenauer
12. Which country adopted the Euro on January 1, 2011?
 Estonia Latvia Lithuania Slovenia
13. Which country is currently assuming the Presidency of the EU Council?
 Estonia Hungary Lithuania None
14. Elections to the European Parliament are held every
 four five six three years.
15. The last election to the European Parliament took place in June
 2007 2008 2009 2011.
16. The European Commission President has been
 Jose Manuel Barroso Jean Claude Juncker Chris Patten Catherine Ashton since 2004.
17. Jerzy Buzek Martin Schmid Hans-Georg Pöttering Jose Manuel Barroso is the current European Parliament President.
18. The European Commission consists of
 27 15 25 30 members.
19. What is the acronym for the core agreement between the EU and Norway?
 EEA ENP EEAS EDF
20. Why did French voters reject the Constitutional Treaty?
 To punish the French government.
 Because they feared it would lead to unemployment for French workers.
 They believed that it was too market liberal in orientation.
 All of the above.

b) Short identifications (15%): Please explain in a few words or sentences

1. Briefly explain the idea of 'judicial activism' of the European Court of Justice!
2. What does 'multi-level governance' in the context of European Integration mean?
3. Briefly describe the four 'Copenhagen criteria' for EU membership!
4. What is the principle of 'subsidiarity'?
5. What was the 'empty chair crisis' about?
6. What are the two central features of the co-decision procedure in EU law-making?
7. Name three of the Community budget's sources!
8. What is the difference between the Council of Europe and the European Council?
9. Does 'integration' automatically entail a drift towards supra-nationalism?
10. Briefly define the concept of 'spill-over'!
11. Briefly define the concept of Europeanization!
12. What is the democratic deficit within the European Union?
13. What is EU primary law?
14. What is EU secondary law?
15. What is the 'Bologna process'?

II. Short answer/short question: Answer (in full sentences!) four of the following five questions! (50%)

- 1) What are the core functions and tasks of the European Commission?
- 2) How did the European Parliament develop in the process of European integration? What are its core features and functions today?
- 3) Is it fair to say that the Eurozone is an optimum currency area (OCA)? Apply at least three of R. Mundell's criteria for an OCA!
- 4) Does European integration strengthen or weaken the EU's member states?
- 5) Why have UK relations with the EU been described as 'awkward' (S. George), i.e. as a partnership that is difficult to handle?

III. Essay question: Answer the following essay question (25%)!

Why did the EU enlarge to encompass countries from Central and Eastern Europe? Describe the process in detail and assess the main impact of enlargement on the EU!

Good luck! Have a great summer time!

